Laos Peoples Democratic Republic – Luang Prabang Province Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)



FACT SHEET

The Laos Peoples Democratic Republic - Luang Prabang Province GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Laos Peoples Democratic Republic could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Laos Peoples Democratic Republic - Luang Prabang Province GYTS was a school-based survey of students in Grades 2-4, conducted in 2003. A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for all of Luang Prabang Province. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 91.9%, and the overall response rate was 91.9%. A total of 2558 students participated in the Laos Peoples Democratic Republic - Luang Prabang Province GYTS.

Prevalence

- 7.4% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Boys = 11.5%, Girls = 1.2%)
- 7.7% currently use any tobacco product (Boys = 10.6%, Girls = 3.0%)
- 4.3% currently smoke cigarettes (Boys = 6.8%, Girls = 0.5%)
- 4.4% currently use other tobacco products (Boys = 5.4%, Girls = 2.5%)
- 8.8% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year (Boys = 11.9%, Girls = 4.7%)

Knowledge and Attitudes

18.7% think boys and 6.9% think girls who smoke have more friends 16.5% think boys and 8.6% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Access and Availability - Current Smokers

22.4% usually smoke at home

26.0% buy cigarettes in a store

Environmental Tobacco Smoke

38.1% live in homes where others smoke in their presence

48.1% are around others who smoke in places outside their home

54.7% think smoking should be banned from public places

56.9% think smoke from others is harmful to them

42.7% have one or more parents who smoke

3.1% have most or all friends who smoke

Cessation - Current Smokers

96.2% want to stop smoking

89.6% tried to stop smoking during the past year

85.8% have ever received help to stop smoking

Media and Advertising

87.2% saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days

54.4% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards in the past 30 days

58.4% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days

8.3% were offered free cigarettes by a tobacco company representative

School

59.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking 39.6% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke

55.1% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Highlights

- Almost 8% of students currently use any form of tobacco; Over 4% currently smoke cigarettes; Over 4% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS Almost 4 in 10 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; Almost 5 in 10 are exposed to smoke in public places; Over 4 in 10 have parents who smoke.
- Almost 6 in 10 think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Over 5 in 10 students think smoking should be banned from public places.
- Over 9 in 10 smokers want to quit.
- Almost 9 in 10 students saw antismoking media messages in the past 30 days; Over 5 in 10 students saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and almost 6 in 10 saw ads in magazines or newspapers in the past 30 days.